???

- 10. [Java] _ _ String.indexOf(), String.valueOf()

[Java] ?? ?? - cipher.charAt(i 1)

https://school.programmers.co.kr/learn/courses/30/lessons/120892

П

? for?? ??? ??

2. [Java] ???? ???

https://school.programmers.co.kr/learn/courses/30/lessons/120893

```
class Solution {
  public String solution(String my_string) {
    StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
    for(int i = 0; i < my_string.length(); i++) {
        if(Character.isUpperCase((my_string.charAt(i)))) {
            sb.append(Character.toLowerCase(my_string.charAt(i)));
        } else {
            sb.append(Character.toUpperCase(my_string.charAt(i)));
        }
    }
    return sb.toString();
}</pre>
```

```
class Solution {
  public String solution(String my_string) {
    StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
    for(int i = 0; i < my_string.length(); i++) {
        char c = my_string.charAt(i);
        if(Character.isUpperCase(c)) {
            sb.append(Character.toLowerCase(c));
        } else {
            sb.append(Character.toUpperCase(c));
        }
}</pre>
```

```
}
return sb.toString();
}
```

3. [Java] ??? ??? - numbers.replaceAll(a,b);

https://school.programmers.co.kr/learn/courses/30/lessons/120894

image.png

image.png

? Integer.parseInt() ?? ? ??? ??

```
int[] [[[
• 🔲
  • ПП
   \mathsf{m}
        2,147,483,647
• → Integer.parseInt() □ □ □ → □□
   return III int Int Ing IIII
                   • | | | |
```

```
class Solution {
   public long solution(String numbers) {
        String[] words = {
             "zero", "one", "two", "three", "four", "five",
             "six", "seven", "eight", "nine"
        };
        for (int i = 0; i < words.length; i++) {
             numbers = numbers.replaceAll(words[i], String.valueOf(i));
        }
        return Long.parseLong(numbers); // □ int → long □□ □□
    }
}</pre>
```

??? VS ?????

? ??? (Primitive type)

- int → ☐ ☐ (primitive int)
- long $\rightarrow \square$ \square (primitive long)



? ??? (Reference type, Wrapper class)

- Integer $\rightarrow \coprod$ (\coprod , Wrapper class for int)
- Long $\rightarrow \coprod$ (\coprod , Wrapper class for long)

4. [Java] ??? ??? - return new String(arr);

https://school.programmers.co.kr/learn/courses/30/lessons/120895

```
class Solution {
  public String solution(String my_string, int num1, int num2) {
     String[] arr = String.toCharArray(my_string);
     char tmp = arr[num1];
     arr[num1] = arr[num2];
     arr[num2] = tmp;
     return arr.toString();
  }
}
```

? String[] arr = String.toCharArray(my_string);

```
\bullet \to \mathsf{String}.\mathsf{toCharArray}() \  \  \, \mathsf{char}[\ ] \  \  \, \  \  \, \mathsf{III} \qquad \mathsf{String}[\ ] \  \  \, \mathsf{III} \qquad \mathsf{char}[\ ] \  \  \, \mathsf{III} \qquad .
```

? String.toCharArray() ??

? return arr.toString();

```
class Solution {
   public String solution(String my_string, int num1, int num2) {
      char[] arr = my_string.toCharArray();
      char tmp = arr[num1];
      arr[num1] = arr[num2];
      arr[num2] = tmp;
      return new String(arr);
   }
}
```

??? ??? VS ???? ???

```
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         **
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           ПП
static IIII
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   .
        , 🔲
                   ППП
                           ☐ Integer.parseInt("123")☐ ☐☐☐
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 ППП
       П
        ПП
          . □ □ , str.length()□
, ...
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  str III
       ПП
                            \Pi \Pi .
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                  . □ □ , Person □ □
          ППП
             sayHello()Ⅲ
                 person1.sayHello()□ person2.sayHello()□ □ □ □
                  . 🔲
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   . .
            ППП
     \prod
```

? 1. ???? ??? (Instance Method)

```
• 🎹
       • |
      • new IIII
           • 🗆 🗆 🗆
                  public class Person {
    String name;
    public void sayHello() {
      System.out.println("Hello, my name is " + name);
    }
 }
 // 🔲
 Person p = new Person();
 p.name = "Dain";
 p.sayHello(); // □□: Hello, my name is Dain
? 2. ??? ??? (Class Method)
• static IIII
            • |
       • 💷
       • ... , ....
                 public class MathUtil {
    public static int add(int a, int b) {
      return a + b;
    }
```

```
}

// []

int result = MathUtil.add(3, 5); // [] [] [] []
```

5. [Java] ? ?? ??? ?? (???) - sb.toString();

https://school.programmers.co.kr/learn/courses/30/lessons/120896

```
import java.util.*;

class Solution {
    public String solution(String s) {
        int[] cnt = new int[26];

        for(char c : s.toCharArray()) {
            cnt[c - 'a']++;
        }

        StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
        for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {
            if (cnt[i] == 1) sb.append((char)i+'a');
        }
        return sb.toString();
    }
}</pre>
```

? sb.append((char)i + 'a');

```
• [] int[] char [] [] [] [] [] [] int[] [] [] .

• [] [] , i = 0[] [] char [] [] [] int[] [] ] → 0 + 97

(char)i + 'a' // => [] + [] → int[] [] [] [] .

→ i + 'a' [] [] char [] [] [] [] .
```

```
sb.append((char)(i + 'a'));
```

```
StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {
      if (cnt[i] == 1) sb.append((char)(i + 'a'));
}
return sb.toString();
}</pre>
```

10. [Java] ?? ?? String.indexOf(), String.valueOf()

https://school.programmers.co.kr/learn/courses/30/lessons/120904

```
class Solution {
   public int solution(int num, int k) {
      String numToString = Integer.toString(num);
      char[] arr = numToString.toCharArray();
      char kToChar = (char) k;
      int idx = -1;
      for(int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++ ) {
            if (arr[i] == kToChar) {
                return i+1;
            }
        }
      return idx;
   }
}</pre>
```

? char kToChar = (char) (k + '0');

```
• \square : char kToChar = (char) k;

• int \square : char \square : \square
```

```
class Solution {
   public int solution(int num, int k) {
      String numToString = Integer.toString(num);
      char[] arr = numToString.toCharArray();
```

```
char kToChar = (char) (k + '0');
int idx = -1;
for(int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++ ) {
    if (arr[i] == kToChar) {
       return i+1;
    }
}
return idx;
}</pre>
```

```
☐ ☐ (String API ☐ )
```

```
public int solution(int num, int k) {
   String s = String.valueOf(num);
   int idx = s.indexOf(String.valueOf(k));
   return idx == -1 ? -1 : idx + 1;
}
```

? String.indexOf()

```
String s = "29183";
int idx = s.index0f("1"); // [[]: 2
```

```
• □ "1" "29183" 0-based index 2 □ □ □
```

System.out.println(result); // □□: □□